than the above, nor for a long ror shorter period.

### THE VOICE OF THE ARMY,

GREENVILLE N. C., March 9. At a meeting of the members of Starr's Light Battery, held in camp at Greenville, N. C., today, Mr. Jesse Slade was called to the chair, and G H. Myrover requested to act as secretary. The chairman was requested to appoint a committee of five to draft resolutions, expressive of the sense of the meeting upon the politics of North Carolina. The committee appointed were: J. W. Faller, G. H. Dobbin, J. A. Yarboro, D. B. Lindsay and R. S Mayes.

After consultation, during which the meeting was addressed by Robt. H Landford and G H. Myrover-the committee reported the following resolutions, which were unanimously adonted :

WHEREAS. The tendency of certain movements and individuals looks to political agitation that can do no good, and must certainly bring us harm ; and, whereas, ambitious men, men whose princi-ples are dangerous to all harmony and peace, and whose aims, regardless of our cause and good, are striving to breed discontent and distrust in our midst ; and, whereas, W. W. Holden, a man whose disloyalty is as marked as the leopard's spots, and whose principles are as changeable as the wind. has announced bimself as a candidate for Governor

Resolved, That W. W. Holden is a public one my-an enemy to the Confederate government, inasmuch as he has used all means within his power to bring it into disrepute; attacking it from personal ends, and maligning it without cause - an enemy to the State, inasmuch as, by his words and acts, he has brought the loyalty of State inte uncomplimentary and dishonoring discussion; has made her faith and honor the theme of painful speculation at home, and a subject of congratulation to our enemies in arms-but above al , is he an enemy to the State, when, after doing all that he could to dishonor her, he now wishes to become

Resolved, That with our present Executive, Gov. Zebulon Vance, we are perfectly satisfied; that we regard him as an officer into whose hands the faita and honor of the State may be confidently committed; that having been tried for two years in the blood and fire of revolution, it is with pride and pleasure that we still behold, as bright as ever, his faith and patriotism shining like a star through the clouds about us; and having undiminished trust in his executive ability and fitness, we nominate him as our choice for Governor of North

Resolved, That come from whatever source it may; assume whatever guise it can; any attempt at disorganization and political agitation is untimely and unwise ; fraught with no good to our cause, and must result in weakness and discouragement to our people, and strength and encouragement to the enemy.

Resolved, That we earnestly invite the co-opertion of the soldiers and people of North Carclina. in the support we have tendered Gov. Vance, and that we ask the people at home to listen to no voice, however tempting its tone and pleasing its modulation, but the voice of wir, until peace can be honorable, desirable and durable.

Resolved, That the proceedings of this meeting

he sent to the Favetteville Observer, Wilmington Journal and Raleigh Confederate, for publication. JESSE SLADE, Ch'n. G. H. MYROVER, Sec.

[This Company (Starr's Battery) is chiefly if not entirely from Fayetteville, and, we believe gave a upanimous vote for Mr. Fuller for Congress, whose election the Standard claimed as a Holden triumph, but was stoutly denied at the time by the Fayetteville Observer. Does Mr. Holden still claim Mr. Fuller's friends as his friends, after this manifestation ?- EDS. CON. ]

ARMY OF NORTHERN VIRGINIA. !

March 10th, 1864. MESSRS, EDITORS -Out here in the srmy we very often go some days without any news of a political character from the old North State, as we are dependent on the Richmond press for our daily intelligence.

Therefore we have only learned a day or two ago that William W. Holden has affnounced himself as a candidate for Governor of North Carolina. We were not surprised at the announcement, nor did it come somer thin we expected, for in the suspension of his · paper we thought we could see a purpose of enter ng into the campaign which his off nsive | quent manner He was followed by Capts. movement has just opened

If the good and I yal men of North Carolina are as well prepared to meet his attack on them. as ar armies here are reasy to escounter Gen. Meade when he throws drown t . gauntlet of battle to us. we : eed have no fears as to the issu of the battle that will be waged between now and August; but it strikes us that they need a leader, ho vever well their forces may be organized and prepared for the conflict. Then as a representative of the army of N rthern Virginia, and a fortiori one of the atoms that makes up the political worll, in our good old State, we no minate a tried soldier, a wise statesmanan e'equent orator- p triotic man, Zebul n B. Vance, of Buncombe, as our choice for that position, feeling assured that under his gui dance we may enter the campaign with confidence that our troops will win us the victory; and that the feeble ordnauce-the short range pieces-and the cowardly and abandoned crew who will gather themselves under the standard of Holden to man his batteries, or follow him to the charge, will be scattered in confusion when we pour into his ranks, through the ballot box, the murderous fire which will consign him and his followers to an overwhelining remores of disappointment, C. and drive them for shelter belfind the bluffs of Salt river, from whose hospitable retreats th y will return no more forever.

We nominate Governor Vance in the rame of the soldiers - whose friend, protector and advocate he has beën; we nominate iim. ir the name of those bare footed and ragged troops whom he has shod and el tued; H through the exertions he has put forth since | J his term of office began; we nominate him in behalf of the women of North Carolina, for whom he has and is now importing cotton H cards that they may carry on their domestic manufactures and clothe themselves, their little ones, and their boys in the army. We nominate him in behalf of the old men and the young men, the good men and the true men-in short in behalf of all those persons in whose hearts there burns a single spark of patrictic fire; in the name of those who desire a long, lasting, final and honorable peace, based on an eternal separation from the Yankees, and the independence and a complete

nationality of the South. But if the forces that follow Governor Vance to the fight do not strain every nerve, put forth every sinew into action, exhaust every he norable means to defeat and cary disaster to the foe-if there are any stragg'ers who would shirk the meeting-who have no stomach for the fight, and who would prefer to hang back until their comrades have driven the enemy from the fie'd, as they have beendriven from the field themselves and then join the cry "we are whipped, we are whipped!" we need not expect a successful

Every anan will be needed every man must work WORK. The issue that claim: the attentior of the people must be canvassed and that, too, thoroughly. Theignorant must be informed, and all true men must vote open tickets that the miscreant who would sink the "ship of State" to advance the interests of a demagouge may be found out, and their names be handed down to pesterity, coupled with the most adherent and inex usable infamy that ever damned a traitor with its punishment.

I have the henor to subser be myself, A SON OF NORTH CAROLINA

GEN. JOHNSTON'S BRIGADE. A convention of the friends of Gov. Vance in Gen. Johnston's Brigade, was held at Taylorsville, Va., on the atternoon of Friday.

March 11th, 1864 The convention was called to order by the appointment of Lt. Col. W. S. Davis, 12th N. C. T., to the chair, and Sergt. Wm. Smith, 5th N. C. T. as secretary.

The President then, in a few appropriate remarks, explained the object of the conven-

Capt. Beaj. Robinson moved that a committee of three from each Regiment be anpointed by the chair, to draft a preamble and resolutions expressive of the sentiments of the convention. The following gentlemen were appointed: -5th N. C. T-Capt. B. R. binson, chairman, Sergt. H. C. Williams, Sergt. R. M. Riddick. 12th N. C. T-Lt. P. Durham, Sergt, Butler, Sergt J. Allen, 20th N. C. T.—Capt. J. F. Ir land, Sergt. Baker, Sergt. Eng. r. 23 I. N. C. T.—Lt. Hines, Corpt. Powell, Private Weaver.

The committee retired and soon reported as follows, which was unanimously adopted,

Whereas, Wm. W. Holden of Raleigh, the eader of the convention agitation in North Carolin , the notorious political juggler of the South, the traiter who has thrown the firebrand into the peaceful councils of the sturdy people of the old North State, and stirred the waters of party strife until they have foamed with passion-he who for ten years educated the people in the doctrine of secession, who in the convention at Raleigh on the 20th of May, 1861, voted the State into this war, who pledged through his press "the last man and the last dollar" to its support, and then basely, sneakingly and cowardly abandoned the cause; and to advance his own interest, secure his election and shield himself from the doom his infancy merited, advocated openly and avowedly a scheme looking to the withdrawal of the State from the Confederacy, which would have the effect to transfer those troops who have so faithfully and courageously followed the starry crossed banner of the South to victory, to that army with which they have contended against, and who have slain didate for Governor; and as we are unwilling to sustain him in the course he has pursued, which has so deeply tarnished the reputation of the State, and given seeming cause for a charge of disloyalty against her sons; and as we think the honest and loyal men of that State should unite to overthrow

him and his party; be it therefore,

Resolved, That we call upon our fellow-citizens to unite in opposing nd thwarting his aims, and establishing the fair fame of North Carolinson a firm and honorable basis, by the utter repudiation of all affiliation and connection with Molden and his proselvies.

Resolved. That in the whole public career of Governor Zebulon B Vance, of Buncombe. we see unmistakeable evidences of a high patriot se, a sagacious wisdom, and an elevated sense of duty; and, therefore, recommend that he be supported by the veters of North Carolina, for a re-election to the position he now fills with such distinguished fitness and ability.

Resolved, That our comrades in the North Carolina troops of this army, be called upon to ratify our nomination, that the blush of shame which the election of a traitor to office in our State will bring to the cheeks of all true men, may be pre-

vented. Lieut. Durham moved that Governor Vance be requested to address the soldiers of Johnston's brigade at an early date, which was car-

Col. T. M. Garrett being called for, addoessed the convention in a forcible and elo-On motion, the chairman appointed a com-Robinson and Bailey.

mittee to write to Gov. Vance and invite him to speak, and forward to him a copy of these proceedings. Capt. Robinson, Capt. Bailey. and Lt. Durbam were appointed said com-

The thanks of the convention were tendered to the president and secretary. On motion, it was ordered that these proceedings be published in the Raleigh Confederate, Fayetteville Observer, and Caarlotte Bulletin.

The Convention then adjourned sine die. W. S. DAVIS, Pres't. WM. SMITH, Sec.

Miscellaneous.

TREASURY DEPARTMENT, C. S. A. ) RICHMOND, March 11th, 1864.

MICHAIOND, MAICH	
HE following Depositaries funding Treasury notes in t	are established for
lunding Treasury notes in t	he State of NORT
AROLINA:	The Land
enry Savage,	Wilmington
. B. Harrison,	Raleigh.
. C. Williamson,	Charlotte.
ohn W. Sandford,	Fayetteville
. B. Borden,	Goldsboro',
B. Batchelor,	Warrenton
V. M. Pippen,	Tarboro'.
. S. Winstead,	Roxboro'.
ohn W. Hunter,	Salem.
ancey Joues,	Yanceyville
ames Calloway,	Wilkesboro
J. Erwin,	Morganton
. A. Carlton,	Statesville
V. W. MeDowell,	Ashevi le.
I. W. Jarais,	Salisbury.
amuel B. Lowe,	Newton.
V. M. Reinhardt,	Lincolnton
B. Hammond,	Wadesboro
ohn M. Worth,	Ashboro'.
. H. Haughton,	Pittsboro'.
. H. Lindsay,	. Greensboro
ussel H. Kingsbury,	Oxford.
I. J. Harvey,	Hallfax.
cicero F. Lowe,	Lexington.
ohn M. Kirkland,	Hillsboro'.
ank of Cape Fear, .	. Wilmington
In addition to the above, the	
er of each Army Corps is au	thorized to receiv
na fund Notes.	S. S. D. Mittel and Market

They are the following : Maj J. H. Harman, Q. M. Lt Gen. B. S. Ewell's Corps, Orange C. H., Va. Corps, Orange C. H., Va.
Maj. J. C. Field, Q. M. Lt-Gen. A. P. Hill's
Corps, Orange C. H. Va.
Maj. N. R. Fitzhugh, Q. M. Maj-Gen J. E. B.
Stuart's Corps, Orange C. H. Va.
Maj. E. McMahon, Q. M. Maj Gen. J. C. Breck-

envidge's Division, Dublin Depot. Va.
Maj. E. Taylor, Q. M. Lt-Gen. J. Longstreet's Corps, Morristown, Tenn. Maj. E. H. Ewing, Q. M. Lt-Gen. J. B. Hood's

Capt. Y. S. Patton, A. Q. M. Lt-Gen. Hardee's Corps, Dalton, Ga Capt. S. E. Norton, A. Q. M. Major-General Wheeler's Division, Dalton, Ga.
Maj J. Y. Young, Q. M. Lt-Gen. Polk's Corps,

Meridian, Miss. C. G. MEMMINGER, mh 5-42-dtapil Secretary of the Treasury.

Daily Wilmington Journal and Asheville
News copy till April 1.

# RALEIGH, N. C. WEDNESDAY, MARCH 16, 1864

Miscellaneous.

RICHMOND; Fen. 20, 1864. Treasury Notice as to Funding Under

Act of February 17, 1864. NOTICE is hereby given to all holders of freasury Notes, not bearing interest, that they may exchange the same immediately, at the Office of the Treasurer, Assistant Treasurer, or of any Depositary, for certificates which will entitle them to 4 per cent, Bonds; and that the said privilege will continue until the 1st of April ensuing, after which all notes above the denomina-tion of five dollars can be fund donly at 66% cents to the dollar, except one hundred dollar notes, which, after that date, are no longer receivable

for public dues, and can only be funded at an additional reduction of ten per cent per month. The certificates issued, together with the Bonds for which they may be exchanged, are receivable for taxes of the year 1864 at the full amount expressed on the face without interest, and are not subject to the tax imposed for that year on other

bonds and credits. The short time allowed should admonish all holders promptly to present the notes, and not risk the chance of exclusion by the pressure which will occur at the end of the month of March. C. G. MEMMINGER, (Signed)

Secretary of the Treasury

[No. 116.] .

An Act to reduce the currency, and to authorize a new issue of Notes and Bonds.

Ssc. 1. The Congress of the Conf-derate States of America do enact, That the holders of all Treasury notes above the denomination of five dollars, not bearing interest, shall be allowed until the first day of April, 1864, east of the Mississippi river, and until the first day of July, 1864, west of the Mississippi river, to fund the same, and ratil the periods and at the places stated the holders of all such Treasury notes shall be allowed to fand the same in registered bonds, payable twenty years after their date, bearing interest at the rate of four per cent. per annuta, payable on the first day of January and July of each year.

Sec. 2 The Secretary of the Treasury is here-by authorized to issue the bonds required for the fonding provided for in the preceding section; and until the bonds can be prepared he may issue cer-tificates to answer the purpose. Such bonds and certificates shall be receivable, with an interest. in payment of all Government dues payable in the year (861, except export and import duries.
Sec. 3. That all Treasury sets of the decomination of one handred dotlars, not bearing interest, which shall not be presented for funding under the provisions of the first section of this net shall, from an I after the 1st day of April, 1864, cast of the Mississippi river, and the 1st day of July, 1864, west of the Mississippi, cease to be receivable in payment of public dues; and said notes, if not presented at that time, shall, in ad-dition to the tix, of therty three and one-third cents imposed in the 4th section of this act, be subject to a tax of ten per cent. per in nth until presented; which taxes shall attach to said notes wherever circulated, and shall be deducted from the face of said notes whenever presented for payment or for furding, and such notes shall

not be exchangeable for the new issue of Treasury

notes provided for in this act. Sec. 4. That on all said Treasury n tes not funed or used in payment of taxes at the dates and places prescribed in the first section of this act there shall be levied at said dates and places a tax of thirty-three and one-third cents for every dollar promised on the tree of said notes. Said tax shall attach to said notes wherever circulated, and shull be collected by deducting the same at the Tren urv. its depositative, and by the collectors, and by all Government officers receiving the same, wherever presented for payment or for funding, or in payment of Government dues; or for postage; in exphange for new notes as hereinafter provided. and said Treasury notes shall be fundable in bonds as provided in the first section of this net, until the 1st day of January, 1865, at the rate of sixtysix cents and two-thirds on the dollar, and it shall be the duty of the Socretary of the Treasury, at any time between the 1st of April, east, and the 1st of July, 1864, west of the Mississippi river, and the 1st of Lansary, 1865, to substitute and exchange new Treasury notes for the tame, at the rate of sixty-six and two-third cents on the dollar; Provided, that notes of the denomination of one hundred dollars shall not be entitled to the privilege of said exchange: Provided, further, that the right to fundany of said Taeasury notes after the 1st day of January, 1865, is bereby taken away; and provided further, that upon all such Treasury notes which remain outstanding on the 1st day of January, 1865, and which may not be exchanged for new Treasury notes, as herein provided a tax of one hundred per cent. is hereby

Sec 5. That after the first day of April next all authority heretofore given to the Secretary of the Treasury to issue Treasury notes shall be and is hereby revoked, provided the Secretary of the Treasury may, after that time, issue new Treasury notes in such form as he may prescribe, payable two years after the ratification of a treaty of peace with the United States said new issue to be receivable in payment of all public dues except export and import duties, and to be issued in exchange for old notes, at the rate of two dollars of the new for three dollars of the old issues, whether said old notes be surrendered for exchange by the holders thereof, or be received into the Treasury under the provisions of this act; and the holders of the new notes, or of the old notes, except those of the denomination of one hundred dollars, after they are reduced to sixty-six and two-third cents on the dollar, by the tax aforesaid, may convert into call certificates, bearing inter st at the rate of four per cent. per annum, and payable two years after a ratification of a treaty of peace with the United States, unless sooner converted into

SEC. 6. That to pay the expenses of the Government, not otherwise provided for, the Secretary of the Treasury is hereby authorized to issue six per cent. bonds to an amount not exceeding five bundred millions of dollars, the principal and interest whereof shall be free from taxation; and for the payment of the interest thereon, the entire net receipts of any export duty hereafter laid on the value of all cotton, tobacco and naval stores, which shall be exported from the Confederate States, and the net proceeds of the import duties laid, or so much thereof as may be necessary to pay annually the interest, are nereby specially pledged: Provided, that the duties now laid upon imports, and hereby piedged, shall hereafter be paid in specie. or in sterling exchange, or in

coupons of said bonds. SEC. 7. That the Sec etary of the Treasury is hereby authorized, from time to time, as the wants of the Treasury may require it, to sell or hypothecate for Treasury notes said bonds or any part thereof upon the best terms he can so as to meet appropriations by Congress, and at the same time reduce and restrict the amount of circulation in Treasury notes within reasonable and safe limits. Sec 8. The bonds authorized by the 6th section of this act may either be registered or coupon bonds as the parties taking them may elect, and they may be exchang d for each other under such regulations as the Secretary of the Treasury may prescribe; they shall be for one hundred dollars, some nultiple of one hundred dollars, and shall together with the coupons thereto at-tached, be in such for m and of su h authentication as the Secretary of the Treasury may prescribe. The interest shall be payable half yearly, on the first of January and July in each year; the prin cipal shall be payable not less than thirty years

from their date. Sec. 9. All certificates shall be fundable, and shall be taxed in all respects as is provided for the Treasu y notes into which they are convertible, if not converted before the time fixed for taxing the Treasury notes. Such certificates shall from that time bear interest upon only sixty-six and two-third cents for every dollar promised upon their face, and shall be redeemable only in new Treasury notes at that rate, but after the passage of this act no call certificates shall be issued until after the first day of April, 1864.

### Miscellaneous.

Sec. 10. That if any bank of deposit shall give its depositors the bonds authorized by the 1st section of this act in exchange for their deposits, and specify the same on the bonds by some distinctive mark or token to be agreed upon with the Secretary of the Treasury, then the said depositors shall be entitled to receive the amount of said bonds in Treasury notes, bearing no interest and outstanding at the passage of this act; Provided the said bonds are presented before the privilege of funding said notes at par shall cease as herein prescribed.

Sec. 11. That all Treasury notes heretofore is-SEC. 11. That all Treasury notes heretofore issued of the denomination of five dellars shall continue to be receivable in payment of public dues as provided by law, and fendable at par under the provisions of this act until the lat of Jule, 1864, east. and until the lat of October, 1864, west of the Mississippi river; but after that time they shall be subject to a tax of thirty-three and a third shall be subject to a tax of thirty-three and a third cents on every dollar promised on the face thereof, said tax to attach to said notes wherever circulated, and said notes to be fundable and exchangeable for new Treasury notes as herein provided, subject to the deduction of said tax.

B.G. 12. That any State holding Treasury notes received before the times herein fixed for taxing said notes shall be allowed until the 1st day of January 1885 to fund the same in the same and the s

January. 1865, to fund the same in six per cent. bonds of the Confederate States, payable twenty years after date, and the interest payable semiannually. But all Treasury notes received by any State after the time fixed for taxing the same, as aforesaid, shall be held to have been received diminished by the amount of said tax. The dis-erimination between the said notes subject to the tax and those not so subject shall be left to the good faith of each State, and the certificate of the Governor thereof shall in each case be con-

clusive Sec. 13 That the Treasury notes heretofore ssued, bearing interest at the rate of seven dollars and thirty cents on the hundred dollars per annum, shall no longer be received in payment of public dues, but shall be deemed and considered bonds of the Confederate States, payable two years after the ratification of a treaty of peace with the United States, bearing the rate of interest specified on their face, payable the 1st of January in each

vear. SEC. 14. That the Secretary of the Treasury be and he is hereby authorized in case the exigencies of the Government should require it, to pay the demand o any public creditor whose debt may be contracted after the passag, of this act. willing to receive the same in a certificate of indebtedness be issued by said Secretary in such form as be may deem proper, payable two years after a ratification of a treaty of peace with the United States, bearing interest at the rate of six per cent. per annum, payable semi-annualty, and transferable only by special endorsement under regulations to be prescribed by the Secretary of the Treasury, and said certificates shall be exempt from taxation in principal and interest.

Sec. 15. The Secretary of the Treasury is authorized to increase the number of depositories so as to meet the requirements of this act, and with that view to employ such of the banks of the several States as he may deem expedient. SEC. 16. The Secretary of the Treasury shall forthwith advertise this act in such newspapers ublished in the several States, and by such other means as shall secure immediate publicity; and

the Secretary of War and the Secretary of the Navy shall each cause it to be published in general orders for the information of the army and navy. Sec. 17. The 42d section of the act for the asessment and collection of taxes approved May 1, 1863, is hereby reperled. Sec. 18. The Secretary of the Treasury is here-

by authorized and required, upon the application of the holder of any call certificate, which by the first section of the act to provide for the funding and further issue of Treasury notes, approved March 23d. 1863, was required to be hereafter deemet to be a bond, to issue to such bolder a bond therefor upon the terms provided by said Approved Feb. 17, 1864.

OFFICE RALEIGH & GASTON R. R. CO., RALEIGH, March, 1, 1864. Notice is hereby given that the checks issued by me on the Bank of North Carolina, and now outstanding, as also the dividends declared payable by this Company, and not collected, are payable only in the present Confederate currency.

Janted .... To Rent an Unfurn shed ROOM near the Confederate Office. Ap-at THIS OFFICE.

TO HOLDERS OF N. C. MAILROAD BONDS. I'ME Committee of the Susking Fund are giv. ing State Bonds, (new i sue.) in exchange for the Radroad Bonds. C. P. MENDENHALL, mh 11 -39 d18t

C. S DEPOSITORY. A Depository for Funding the Treasury Notes of the Confederate States has been opened at GOLD BORO'. The office is in the store of Andrews & Washington. Persons having notes to fund, are requested to present them as soon as possible, and not wait until the end of the month. All packages of Notes presented, must be arranged with the notes of each size together, before presentation. E. B. BORDEN, mh 11-39-d12t Depositary.

OFFICE OF THE RALEIGH & GASTON R. R. Co. ? RALEIGH, March 10, 1864 This Company Intending to Comply with I the provision of the late act of Congress in relation to funding of Confederate notes will on and after the 28th instant receive the present issues of that currency, above the denomination of five dollars, only at the rate of three dollars for W. W. VASS.

mb 11-39-dtap1 Treasurer. RON CASTINGS.—I have both Vesuvius and Rehoboth Furnaces in Lincoln county, N. C., in full blast, and I will execute all kinds of Plow and Machinery Castings to order, on shert notice when the paterns are furnished. S. P. O. Lincolnton, N. C., March 12-40-d12t

QUARTERLY SALES.—Notice is herepy given to a'l concerned, that the Assessors will at-tend at my office on Monday and Tuesday, the Fourth and Fifth days of April, ensuing, to reegive returns of QUARTERLY SALES, on reg-I will receive the tax due thereon at the same

The penalties of the law will be strictly enforced on all who refuse or neglect to make return and pay their taxes.

RUFUS H. PAGE,

Collector for Wake County.

Raleigh, March 12, 1864.— 40-1td

BANK OF NORTH CAROLINA. ) LL BANKS. CORPORATIONS OR PER-A sons holding CHECKS on this Bank, are hereby notified that the, must be presented on or before 28th March, or they will be paid only in the present issue at par, or in four per cent. bo mh 13-41 d15t C. DEWEY, Cas C. DEWEY, Cash. GENERAL CRDERS.

E N C O U R A G E HOME MANUFACTORY. Wanted -100,000 FUR SKINS. The undersigned are Manufacturing HATS at Statesville, Y. C., and wish to purchase the above amount of FURS, for which they will pay the highest prices, or exchange for Hats.
WANTED also, 1000 lbs. of WOOL on the same

terms. For particulars apply to us. WITTKOWSKY, & Co. Statesville, March 14. ost or Misplaced-An Eight per cent.

Confederate Bond for one thousand dollars, payable in 1868. It was probably lost between Greensborough and Weldon, a few days since. The finder will be suitably rewarded if he will leave said bond with J.M. Towles, Ra WM. R. GORDON. Murfreesborough, March 9.

BLANKS Executed with neatness and spatch at THI OFFICE.

JOBWORK
Of all description neatly executed at this office

# DAILY CONFEDERATE

ADVERTISEMENTS will be inserted at TWA DOLLARS per square of ten lines (or less) for each insertion. Marriage notices and Phitairies will be tharged as advertisements.

JOB WORK of every description will be exceuted at this Office with dispatch, and as neatly as can be done in the Southern Confederacy.

### Miscellaneous.

VOL. I-No. 43.

Miscellaneous.

WANTER .-- A Good Mileh Cow.
Apply at THIS OFFICE.

Bank of Washington-at Greensboro's
Feb. 10th 1864. A meeting of the Stockholders in this Bank will be held at the town of Tarbory' on Wednesday, Murch 16th, proximo. A
green attendance is earnestly requeeted, either
or reon or by proxy, as business of importance
will come before the meeting.

M. STEVENSON, Cashier.

Payetteville Arsenal and Armory, November 12, 1863. \$100 BOUNTY! Wanted, 100 Mounted Riflemen. Authority having been granted by the War Department to raise a Company of Mounted Riflemen for service in this vicinity, notice is hereby given, that recruits to the number of 100 non-conscripts will be received for this service. Each recruit will be required to furnish a serviceable horse, for which he will be allowed 40 cents per diem, and his pay \$12 per nonth. Writen permission will be required from parents or guardians, where the applicant is under the conscript age.

under the conscript age.

Each recruit must bring with him a blanket or

bed-spread, and come prepared to remain.

Apply to Maj MATTHEW P. TAYLOR, at the Arsenal.

Lieut-Col. C. S. A., Commanding Post.

Bank of North Carolina.

A LL persons having Dividends due and unpaid in this Bank, Branches and Agencies, are

hereby notified that unless the same be drawn on or before the 25th day of March, instant, they will be paid in the 4 percent. Bonds of the Confederate

FOR SALE.

A venient to water, lying in the eastern-part of the State, containing Eight Thousand acres
Apply to me at this place for particulars.

JOS. S. CANNON.

Raleigh, March 2, 1864.—32-dtf

NOTICE. - The BANKS at GREESNBORO'.

certificates of deposit, and checks of any date prior

to the 28th of March next, except in the currency

now existing, and as now rated and valued; and all those entitled to dividends, and holders of such

certificates and checks, are requested to present

the same to us forthwith and receive payment.

WM. A. CALDWELL, Cashler Farmers' Bank

M. SPEVESON, Cashier Bank of Washington,

JESSE H. LINDSAY, Cashier Bank of Cape

W. W. CLARK, Cashier of the Merchants

Bank of Newbern.
D. P. WEIR, Treas'r Greensboro' Mutual Life

31 2-taw39\*

\$300 Reward. -- Eangway from the subscribers on Monday the 15th instant, two negroes - DUNCAN and JANE. Duncan is

about 6 feet high, stout and able, weighs about 175 pounds—dark color but not black—is polite,

smart and intelligent and is a Tanner. Altogether

he is a No. I boy. Jane is tall for a woman; not overly stout, and unsound. We believe they were

induced to, and advised in their escape by some white man, and carried off in a wagon. They carried everything with them. We will give two

hundred dollars for the delivery of Duncan and

one hundred dollars for Jane, or their confine-

Hillsboro', Orange county N. C. Feb. 12, 1864.

At

JUST ARRIVEDIII

OFFICERS CLOTH, and all kinds of Trimming,

GENTLEMEN'S PALF ROSE, At C. M. FARRISE'.

At C. M. FARRISS..

Officers of North Carolina Troops who may not have an opportunity to call for their goods in person, can have their cloth drawn by C. M. Farriss, who will send an experienced hand to

camp to take measures. If you want to get fits, send your orders to C. M. Farriss.

Notice.... All persons Now Holding or who may herafter hold cheeks or drafts against us dated prior to April 1864, are notified

to present them for payment before that date, or

LARGE AND EXTENSIVE SALE OF MAN-

BY R. A. YOUNG & BRO., PETERSBURG, Va.—On Friday, the 18th inst., at 10 o'clock,

at our store, No. 4, Iron Front, we will sell at suction. Eve thousand packages of MANUFAC-

TURED TOBACCO, of all qualities, including

one thousand pounds Navy, pounds and balf pounds, one hundred tierces of Twist, and some of

the most celebrated brands of fine chewing and amoking tobacco in the Confederacy.

38-8t

Notice.

HAVING procured some genuine vaccine virus, I will vaccinate, free of charge, healthy white

children of this city and county, not previously vaccinated, who present themselves at the General Hospital, No. 8. between the hours of 10 and 2.

rector General Hospitals, N. C. E. B. HOLLAND,

By order of Surgeon P. E. HINES, Medical Di-

IKELY NEGRO BOY FOR SALE .- Will be

sold privately, a negro boy, about 14 years of age, sound in every respect, and very active about farm. For further information call at the Clerk's

NOTICE is hereby given that after March 20th, 1861, the present tariffs, of freights and fares

over this road will be increased by the addition of afty per cent. The \$100 Confederate notes will

not be received at all, and in every instance the

'OTICE. - All persons having claims againt me

as Trustee for the county of Wake, whether in checks or orders, accounts or otherwise, will present them for payment before the 1st of April, 1864.

mh 15-42-dtapl.

J. F. HUTCHINGS.

READ THIS .- Persons desiring JORDAN &

reduced prices, will please deposit their bides at A.

Hollan's, Smithfield; W. Hicks, of Clayton, and

CALT NOTICE. - I have on hand a quantity of

Court House, as after that day I shall have to de-

Salt Commissioner, Wake County

duct the tax on the money. THOS. G. WHITAKER,

mb 15-42-dlw

debtor must make the exact change.

By order of T. J. Sammer, Superintendent.

JOHN H. Bill AN, Jr.,

mb 15-42-dt20mh

Linn Adams, Raleigh.

mh 14-43-d2t.
Progress copy 2 times.

OFFICE N. C. RAILROAD CO., VANCE, March 12, 1864.

Desk of the Daily Confederate. mh 15-42 dtf.

A. Ass't. Surg. C. S A.

they will be paid in the old Currency.

37-tf. W. R. RICHARDSON, & Co.

men Tailors. The very best prices paid.

March 5-341m. C. M. FARRISS.

WANTED .- Five or six experienced Journey-

Duncan is about 38 years old and Jane about 32

CAIN & RUFFIN.

C. M. FARRISS'.

C. M. FARRISS'.

C. M. FARRISS'.

C. M. FARRISS'.

ment in any jail so that we can get them.

-husband and wife.

BLACK CLOTH,

NECKTIES.

FINE CASSIMERES.

North Carolina.

rear, North Carolina.

TRACT of well-timbered, fertile Land, con-

N. C., will decline to pay undrawn dividends,

States, or in the present currency at par.

32.d26t C. DEWEY, Cashier.

\$220

14-d3tawtd\*

dee 16dif.

By the Month, Daily board do

Transient, per day jan 16-dly

Feb 27 1864

Mrs. H. W. Miller. BOARD

Natice. On the First day of every month I shall send a special agent to the Army of Northern Virginia. All packages, &c., sent to me at this place will be promptly forwarded free of charge.

EDWARD WARREN,
Dec. 22, 1853-d3m.

Surg-Gen'l N. C.

Newspaper Establishment for Sale.

THE PROPRIETOR OF THE "SPIRIT OF THE AGE" Newspaper having engaged in another business, offers that establishment for sale. It was in-existence at the time of the passage of the last Military Bill, which entitles its Editor and processes and property of the last Military Bill, which entitles its Editor and the last Military Bill, which necessary employees to exemption under that Act.
The Paper has a large circulation, and the Office is well supplied with Pressts. Type and all necessary fixtures for Newspaper, Book and Job Printing. The nettincome of the Office will afford from 30 to 50 per cent. profits on the price asked for the Establishment.

For price and other information desired, address "PROPRIETOR SPIRIT OF THE AGE."

26-tf Raleigh N. C.

OFFICE NORTH CAROLINA RAILROAD CO.) Vance, March 4, 1864.

Notice is hereby given, that after March 20th, 1864, no issues of Confederate Treasury notes other than the ones, twos, and fives, will be received by this Company in payment of Fares, Freights or any other dues; otherwise fifty per cent. additional will be charged. The \$100 notes will not be received at all, and in every instance the debtor must make the exact charge. VANCE, March 4, 1864.

charge.

By order of the Board of Directors.

By order of the Board of Directors.

35-tm20 JOHN H. BRYAN, Jz., Sec'y.

OFFICE NORTH CAROLINA R. R. Co. ) Nance, March 4, 1864

Notice is hereby given, that all Bebts
and accounts, of every description, Coupons,
Dividends. Hand Hire, Bonds, &c., due by this
Company previous to March 20th, 1864, will be
paid in Confederate Treasury Notes of the old VANCE, March 4, 1864

By order of the Board of Directors. 25-tm20. JOHN H. BRYAN, Jr. Sec'y.

Runaway taken up. A dark A dark of hot boy about 26 years old, 5 feet 6 inches high, calling himself Cheff, says he belongs to Blake Nickerson, living on or near the Raleigh & Gaston Railroad; had on when taken a soldier coat, and himself hat Por further information, address. Runaway taken np .-- A dark Mulatto a white hat. Por further information, address .

Wh. M. SMITH, Releigh, N. C. MULE STRAYED ... \$50 REWARD. OFFICE OF CHIEF Q. M. DIS'T N. C., RALLIGH, 9th March, 1864.

CTRAYED from the Government Stables in this city on the 21st February last, a medium sized black or dark Mule. The above reward will

be paid by me on delivery of the animal at this post or on presentation of any Confederate Quar-termaster's receipt. W. W. PEIRCE, termaster's receipt. Maj. and Chief Q. M.

CONFEDERATE TAX NOTICE. T WILL attend, with the Assessors, at my office, in inst., for the purpose of receiving returns and the taxes imposed in the fourth section of an Act of the Congress of the Confederate States, entitled "An Act to levy additional taxes for the common de-

fence and support of the Government," approved 17th February, 1864, as follows:
Sec. 4th. I. On all profits made by buying and selling spirituous liquors, flour, wheat, corn, rice, sugar, molesses or syrup, salt, bacon, pork, hoge, beef or beef cattle, sheep, cats, hay, fodder, raw hides, leather, horses, mules, books, boes, cotton varns, wool, woolen, cotton or mixed cloths, hats, wagons, harness, coal, iron, steel or nails, at ary ime between the first of January 1863, and the first of January 1864, ten per cent. in addition to the tax on such profits as income under the "act to lay taxes for the common defence, and carry on the Government of the Confederate States," approved April 24th, 1863.

11. On all profits made by buying and selling money, gold, silver, foreign exchange, stocks, notes, debts, credits, or obligations of any kind, and any merchandise, property or effects of any kind, not enumerated in the preceding paragraph, between the times named therein, ten per cent, in addition to the tax on such profits as income, under the act aforesaid.

III. On the amount of profits exceeding twenty-

five per cent., made during the year 1863, by any bank or banking company, insurance, canal, navigation, importing and exporting, telegraph, express, railroad, manufacturing, dry dock or other to n' stock company of any description, whether incorporated or not, twent; five per cent. on such excess.

RU US H. PAGE,

Collector for Wake County...

Raleigh, March 5th, 1864.

34-td.

50 Hands Wanted .- We wish to Hire for the balance of the year (50) PIFTY ABLE-BODIED HANDS, to cut wood in Burke county, N. C. at our Iron Works. Said bands will be well fed and taken care of. Apply soon, and address C. P. MENDENHALL,

or E. P. JONES, at Morganton, Burke co., N. C. NOTICE.

WF wish to hire for the balance of the year, three good negro Biacksmiths. Address, J. K. & M. H. PINNIX, 37-12t Thomasville, N. C. BANK OF COMMERCE AT NEWBERNE. COMPANY SHOPS, March 5th 1864.

Notice is Hereby Given to Depositors, Banks, and to all persons holding Checks, and having Dividends due and unpaid, to present said claims, and receive payment thereof in the present Currency at par on or before the 25th inst. otherwise they will be funded in 4 per. cent, Bonds of the Confederate States. And payment of all such claims will be made thereafter in said. J. A. GUION, Progress capy until 25th inst. slan the Charlotte Builetin, and send bills immediately to adver-

A LL Checks and Requsitions of this Company, now outstanding, are payable only in the present currency.

W. W. VASS Treas. present currency. 34 3tawta.

Military.

CONSCRIPT OFFICE, } RALEIGH. N. C., Feb. 25th, 1864. THE annexed order from Adjutant and Inspec-ter General's Office, is published for the in-formation of all concerned. By order of the Commandant : E. J. HARDIN, Adit.

> ADJ'T AND INSPECTOR GEN'LE OFFICE, Richmond, Jan. 5, 1864.

No. 2. S For the information of all concerned, and to cor-

rect prevalent misapprehension, it is announced that there exists no mandatory provision of law securing to Eurolled Conscripts the right to ecuring to Earolled Conscripts the right to choose in what company or regiment they will serve. They cannot be assigned to companies from other States, and, in general, their wishes are to be consulted as to the choice of companies, where no considerations for the good of the service intervene to prevent compliance. Assignments once made by Commandants of Conscripts, in good faith, in the exercise of their discretion, will not be considered as fit subjects for complaints.

By order.

S. COOPER, By order. S. COOPER, 28-d15t Adjutant and Inspector Gen'1.

Office Chief Q. M. Raleigh, N. C., Manon 8th, 1864. DERSONS holding checks drawn by this department, must present them for payment before the 28th March, 1864, or they will be paid only in

Salt belonging to the county, which I am now disposing of to individuals. All who wish to avail themselves must call before the 25th inst, at the 28th March, 1864, or they will be presented.

W. W. PEIRCE,

Maj. and Q M. C. S. Army.

# The Confederate.

D. K. MCRAE, A. M. GORMAN, Editors.

All letters on business of the Office, to be directed to A. M. GORNAN & Co.

WEDNESDAY, March 16, 1864.

Office of THE CONFEDERATE, on Fayetteville street, second door South of Pomeroy's Bookstore.

### Persecution. ?

Among the vile and base implements for our destruction which the Federal government employs, are those who style themselves ministers of the gospel, and who profess to some call from God to preach his word. Creatures of this order-wolves in sheeps' clothing, robbers and thieves-are being pushed into the fold or over the wall to drive out our shepherds, that they may destroy the flock .-Special official authority has been given to these false bishops and priests to come into our invaded and occupied land, to drive out our preachers, and, seizing their pulpits to disseminate from these once holy, but now desecrated places, their vicious and ungodly doctrines-made more destructive by abominable example and hypocritical zeal. Alreally this work of persecution has begun, and the religious feelings and convictions of our people are now invoked for the preservation of the pistors they cherish, and the altars they worship at. Not only are these employees of the devil to be used in ejecting from our pulpits chosen pastors and masters, but thus these our teachers whom we have loved and reverenced are to be degraded, punished, persecuted, and forbidden their holy avocation. It is the renewal in our midst of religious persecution. An aged priest of the Episcopalian church, in Suffolk, Virginia, a holy man of God, of blameless walk and conversation, the Rev. Mr. Wingfield, without any trial, by a brutal order from the military power, has been seized, deposed from his authority, bereft of his spiritual rights, and condemned to the degrading service of sweeping the public streets, with ball and chain!bound and fettered like the apostles of old, for a faithful service of God, as rendered in a proper devotion to his country.

This act-these net: of graceless, godless, anatical persecution, revive the days of 'hor ror, when Rogers was burned at the stake, and men, women and children, tortured. The Holy churches throughout our land will take instant alarm. A new element of defence is forced upon us. We fight now for our very religion, by which we hope for salvation-for God and Jesus Christ, as they are preached to us by our own ordained teachers and preachers. In the Methodist, Presbyterian and Bap ist denominations, the contamination of Northern association was felt, even before the war-and these denominations had separated. Into the Roman Catholic and Episcopalian, the necessities for a separation had not so much entered. The insults, keen and piercing-the wrongs, frauds and corruptions of their persecutions, are intensely felt by our brethren of the churches we have mentioned; and, whenever you enter into one of their churches, you feel that you stand in the presence of feeling, fearless, out-spoken and out-praying patriots, who, from the heart, with earnestness and zeal implore God for the success of our cause .-The Episcopalian church has consecrated special forms of prayer adapted to the pecuhar requests we would make of Almighty God-a solemn invocation for the establishment of our independence—the prostration of our enemies, and the restoration of an honorable peace. This prayer is couched in straios fervent and pious, and, at the same time vigorous and elequent phrase, well calculated to inspire the mind and elicit a soul-felt outpouring of the christian heart to its Maker. If these prayers should be recited as a school boy says a tiresome task; regarded by him as an irksome bore; mumbled out in a husky indifferest tone, as though the lips were uttering unmeaning words, while the heart was on the other side of the lines, their efficacy and moral effect would be lost. The faith of the church is-that the prayers of the righteous avail much; and, it is a mockery of this faith, when the preacher feels no desire for the fulfilment of the prayer.

The above remarks apply to every man who fills any office in the South. No one should be allowed to do so except he bear a genuine, thorough, sincere allegiance to the government, and an an xious wish for the triumph of our cause. Indeed, we think it hypocritical and dishonorable for any man to fill office temporal or spiritual, in our country, who does not espouse her cause and seek its vindication, yet we know preachers, and State officers; and lawyers, who are bound to take the oath of allegiance-who do take it and disregard it, or else evade the law and take it not. Military officers, Confederate and State-we know some of these rotten to the corewho set at defiance their official and individual obligations, and really would give over the country to-morrow, its cause and its government, to the power of our invaders and to the Federal authority. Such men commit gross niquity, and they are making an ineffaceable record, when the time of our rejoicing shall ome-when only the pure in heart and true n work shall participate in the jubilee. No ne will have a right to attach to these remarks local or individual significance, anywhere. hey are general, having a general aim and earing, and strictly appropriate, in view of ne resorts of our enemy in his new persecuons. They will and can wound no one who

is not obnoxions to their approachen. Whereever there are such, we wish to apply these remarks-to strike, penetrate and stab to their reformation, if possible-but if not, then to their destruction.

### Governor Vance.

As we for saw, the speech of Governor Vance is regarded as a wonderful production, and has already stamped him with a national renown. We regarded it at the moment when we read it, as in the main a wise, logical, patriotic effort-abounding in sound thought, wholesome instruction and couched in terms of jest, humor and sublime eloquence. admirably adapted to his andience, and displaying a mind of varied and splendid attainment. We thought it the best stump speech we had ever read-and our estimate has not been depreciated by the press of the

We are no political or party supporter of Governor Vance. He has been in party matters a party man. If we support him, it is us a patriot, who has served his State, and still serves her well in the great cause. Wa support him not as a conservative, but, as a member of the confederate party. We support him against disloyalty, against a party which, when organized, will be essentially a TORY PARTY, and which will be known hereafter as such. Besides, we are a true North Carolinian, and always proud of North Carolina genious.

A chief reason why Governor Vance has received his just national appreciation from his speech is, "because he had a competent reporter" to set him down as he uttered his thoughts. Many great speeches, and much State reputation have been lost to North Carolina for the want of this. We are indebted to the Richmond Enquirer for .it in this instance, and we would be glad to show our obligation by sharing with that press the onus of the undertaking.

Governor Vance's re-election grows more certain every day. He will soon be before the people, and Mr. Holden will be obliged to meet him, or refuse the call of the people.

### Small Crumbs of Comfort.

The adherents of the self-nominated gubernatorial candidate appear to be driven to that desperate strait which induces them, like sinking mariners, to convulsively catch at even the most waif-like straws, and to be able to find comfort in the faucy sketches of alleged war correspondents, wherein perversion is made to assume the place of facts. In a late issue of the Progress, what purports to be an extract from the letter of a soldier, asserts that the army vote will be east for Holden, &ce Now perhaps some soldier has so written-but if so, a fact of rare occurrence, inbutitably proves either that no soldier so wrote, or that such soldier drew entirely upon fancy and set up such imaginings as fact. The circumstance referred to is, that on the train from Weldon to this place, a few days since, there chanced to be eighty-one North Carolina soldiers, when it was suggested that a vete be taken, as between Governor Vance and the would-be Governor, which was done by an officer in the party, with the following result: Vance SEVENTY-NINE; Holden TWO-one of this wise minority so voting with the remark: "I rote for Holden kos he'll stop the war so soon as he be elected."

# Returned Prisoners.

We were glad to welcome Colonels Boyd and Blacknall back to their friends, after their long and irksome imprisonment. They both appear to be in good health and spirits. Both were confined at Johnson's Island, with many other North Carolina officers, and though their fare was not of the best, we gather from these officers that they managed to endure their hardships. The abandonment of Butler's claim to be recognized, has re-opened facilities for exchange, and we hope soon to have our soldiers and officers free. Col. Cantwell was left at Point Lookout, but we may look for his exchange at once. This will be very gratifying to his friends here.

# Andrew's Mounted Artillery Brill.

The author, Lieut, Col. R. Snowden Andrews, laid upon our table a short time since a copy of this work, compiled from standard military works, according to the fatest regulations. We have been pressed so much that we have not been able to give it an earlier notice. It is dedicated to the great "Stonewall Jackson," and is published by Evans and Cogswell, of Charleston, and appears to be a valuable compilation for a very useful branch of the service.

ROLL or HONOR .- A correspondent from Halifax informs us that Brig. Gen. Junius Daniel, on a visit home some time since, caused a considerable amount of food to be sold to the poor, at extraordinary low rates. He sold corn at \$15 per barrel, and peas at \$3 per bushel when they were selling at \$25. Gen. D. has sold from his plantation food to the poor for \$1,800 less than the market price; and he told one of his neighbors to inquire into the condition of a soldier's family, and if they needed any thing, to go to his farm and get it. Such conduct is noble and generous. A man thus filled with a noble charity, will always render his country noble service upon the battle-field.

Another correspondent makes honorable mention of noble conduct on the part of Rev. Wm. H. and I. W. Cunniggim, of Greene county, for their benevolent care and attention to needy soldiers' families. The former spends nearly two-thirds of his time attending to their various necessities, and both have heen selling corn to them at \$1 a bushel, bacon at 10 to 121 cents per pound, and other necessities in proportion. The names of such men should be inscribed in characters of living light, while their good deeds are enshrined in the grateful hearts of the poor

I have consulted my friends in reference to the recent libel put in circulation by Dr. Leach and Mr. Holden, and their counsel confirms my own judgment. Mr. Holden has been several times chal-lenged by gentlemen whom he had insulted, and in each case he denied satisfaction, declining to accept, for such reasons as leave no reason to expect he would act otherwise now. In order to obtain per, sonal satisfaction I should be obliged to attack him on sight. To do this would be to yield to him all the legal advantages, and to assume an inequality for myself, and if I should slay him, my usefulness in my present position would be wholly lost. There are some personal offences which might demand a resort of this kind, at whatever consequences—as a gross insult, face to face, which would stir the blood to immediate action, when the legal position would be equal-or a gross vituperation by abusive epithets, which no gentleman would live under.

But this is not one of those cases. Indeed, the circumstances of this case make a resort to another forum for defeace and protection necessary. This libel imputes fraud and dishonesty as a public agent-and if these accusors were more unworthy exoneration from even suspicion would be my first duty, and this can only be obtained in a court of justice. I have therefore instructed my counsel to issue writs for libel against Mr. Holden and Dr. Leach, so that in the courts they may have an opportunity of making good their charge, or stand rebaked and punished for malicious defamation. To those friends who proffered to come to Raleigh to stand by my side against any supposed action of Mr. Holden's mcb, I am much indebted. But I beg them to feel ro uneasiness on my account. I am quite able to take care of myself, and quite D. K. MCRAE. ready to do so.

The Voice of the Press. Both in this State and in others of the Confederacy, speaks but one sentiment as to Mr. Holden's candidacy ; and that is adverse to bis pretensions. Every where he is looked upon with distrust and repugnance. In North Carolina there are but two papers that we have seen which hold out any hopes to him of their support: the one the People's Press, of Salem, the other The Times, published in poor old conquered Newbern, by George Mills Joy, Yankee. And it is by no means certain that this last, prefers Mr. Holden. Its first choice, we presume, would be Dr. J G, Tull, who has remained with the enemy from the beginning, or Henry Clay Jones, who has fled to them. However, the Holden Hook and Ladder Company, No. 1. 63 men, are using their influence, and it is thought Joy's preferences will be overcome. If Mr Holden could follow Henry Clay Jones, he

not to go out of Raleigh precludes this. We subjoin an article from the Atlanta Register, which Mr. Holden would do well to read. The Register is a conservative journal of Georgia; for peace in the Georgia basis; and if we remember aright, was one of the papers which Mr. Holden a short time since referred to as one of his sett. Read the article :

HOLDEN, THE NORTH CAROLINA "CONSERVA-TIVE."-Holden, the editor of the North Carolina Standard, who is but justly, as we think, denounced as a dangerous malcontent, if not absolutely untrue to the cause of the Confederacy, has issued another sheet of his paper, (the publication of which was recently suspended,) in which he abnounces himself as a caudidate for Governor of North Carolina, at the ensuing August election. His principles and views, he says, as a conservative "after the straitest sect." are well known to the people of the State. This effrontery of Holden's indicates either that there is something rotten in the State of North Carolina, or that a large portion of its people are egregiously mistaken in his views and principles. There is a test of loyalty which our observation in this revolution has led us to believe almost infallible. It is not the sentiments a man professes, but those he omits to profe-s, which oftenest denote him truly. In the card of Molden, announcing himself, there is not one word of sympathy for the cause of Southern independence, not one word of hope for the jority, ultimate triumph of our arms, not one word of encouragement for the brave men who have drawn the sword, and thrown away the scabbard in defence of our rights. The card is concluded with this studiously equivocal sentence :

"If elected. I will do everything in my power to promote the interests, the honor, and the glory of Norti Carolina, and to secure an honora le peace."

This equivocal language is identical with that used in Tennessee by Brownlow, Andy Johnson, Tom Nelson, and other traitors, when they were seeking to hoodwink the people; and who, since they have thrown off the cloak of their hypocricy, under the ægis of Lincolnism, have become the most relentless and vindictive of our enemies. We do not believe a man who had a spark of patriotism or sympathy for the Confederate cause in his composition, could frame a card for a similar purpose, even as brief as Holden's, without giving some expressi n of it. The phrase "an honorable peace" as used by the North Carolina "conservative," may mean anything or nothing. As used by the Tennessee tory, it means submission to Federal despotism, obedience to Lincoln's edicts of emancipation, acquiesence in the doctrine of negro equality, tolerance of the revolting practice of amalgamation. (or, in the new rose-water phraseology of the North, "miscegeneration,) surrender . 1 political rights and personal liberty - anything, for re-construction of the "glorious Union. As used by the loyal Confederate citizens, it means re ognition of the independent nationality of the Sov. reign States of the South, and between the alternatives of subjugation and

extermination, the acceptance of the latter. An honorable peace is the aim and object of this war; and he who falls to advocate the prosecution of it, with all the means and energies of the Confederacy, and the States con posing it, so long as an arnied foe invades our soil, or mer aces our political rights, may well be suspected eitler of ignorance of what con . stitutes an honorable peace, or of disloyalty to

But while an unrelaxing prosecution of the war is indispensable to the attai no t of an bonorable peace, diplomacy has ever been found the potent auxiliary of the sword. For this reason it is deemed not improper by many-the conductors of the "Register among them-that the pricciples upon which the government of these States shall be administered, and the policy which shall hareafter guide their relations with the ther States of this continent should now be proposed and discussed, in order that the issues of the war and the terms of the coveted peace may be defined clearly, not alone in the minds of our

own people, but in those of our enemies. We stal continue to endeavor to make our views bu this subject plain to the comprehen- night on the Nashville train. He has been sion of our readers; and take the cccasion to say that such of our cotemporaries as persist in ascribing to the docurines of this journal a parallelism with those of the North Carolina Standard, are either actuated by a stupidity that is pitable, or a malice that is more than contemptible.

Norther a Sews

Our Richmond exchanges of Monday have copious extracts from Northern papers, with dates reaching up to the 10th instant. They contain rather meagre accounts of Fitzpatrick's and Dahlgren's raids. The New York Herald calls it a "miserable raid," and all seem to regard it a sore miscarriage. A telegram from Yorkion to Washington, dated the 7th, tells the fate of Dahlgren. It represents that Dahlgren's party were surrounded by cavalry and infantry, that Dahlgren was killed, and that they saw more than one-half of his men afterwards give themselves up as prisoners. Col. Dahlgren's servent says that he saw the Colonel's maked body, which had been stripped, with the ring finger cut off.

The New York Times contains a long biography of Dahlgren, from which we learn that he was twenty-two years of age, and commenced service under Fremont. He was a son f Admiral Dahlgren.

Old A e is endeavoring to exonerate himsell from blame, by saying that "he finally gave his consent to Kilpatrick to make his raid; he was willing te should try, although all the rest pronounced the scheme impracticable. Military men have not expected that Gen. Kilpatrick would capture Richmond by a coup de main, and they are relieved of much anxiety by the information that he has "rode his raid" and is safe. Two months ago, when this expedition was first planned. it might have been successful; but since that time the fortifications of Richmond have been strengthened, the garrison has been largely increased, many Union prisoners have been sent southward, and, above all, the rebels have doubtless been informed of the whole pro-

The N Y. Herald of the 10th has a jeremiad over the failure of the yankee plans, and says that " from the removal of McClellan up to the present time the war on the yankee side has been conducted by the President and a coterie of military advisers at Washington;" and that under this direction disaster has followed disaster with such pitiless persistency; they had so many and such 'terrible failure: that notwithstanding their triumphs in the west, the yankee nat on is well nigh disgusted with the war.

A one sided statement is given of the capture of the Iolas by a party of our men, in the Chesapeake; but despite their evasions, would be sure of Joy-but his determination the vankee accounts show it to have been a gallant affair.

We fied also the following interesting items in our Rich nond exchanges, gleaned from the Northern papers:

There is great discontent over the failure of all Lincoln's ate enterprises. "The February expeditions have nearly all miscarried, and the country is becoming alarmed and dissatisfied " Lincoln is holding a grand council of war, to devise measures for retrieving his fortunes.

The World's correspondent says Grant is in favor of raising 250,000 men for another attempt against Riehmond. Gen. Grant is reported to have said that Sherman's expedirion accomplished every thing that was designed. The World repudiates the idea. Admiral Wi kes is to be court-martialed for

detaining the Vinderbilt when it was sent to pursue the Alabama. Gen. Meade is on trial for his neck, for his conduct at Gettysburg. Sickles is the principal witness, and charges that Meade wished to run and had given orders to do so ; but that he (Sickles) brought on a fight, an thus

Gilmore, abolitionist, has been elected Governor of New Hampshire by 5,000 ma-

forced a stand.

REGULAR EXCHANGE OF PRISONERS TO BE MADE HEREAFTER .- The friends of the Union prisoners in the South will be gratified to learn that arrangements have been effected by which regular exchanges of prisoners will be made hereafter. The government has gracefully receded from its determination to force Gen. Butler upon the Conderates as the only agent of exchange, and have delegated that authority to Major Mulford, whose associations with Mr. Ould, the rebel commissioner, have heretofore been pleasant as well as digrified. The first exchange under the new regu-

lation has already taken place. Private Wm. Boyle, of the 1st New York Mounted Riff s, convicted of the murder of his superior officer, and sentenced to be shot, had his sentence commuted by President Lincoln to imprise ment for life at hard labor. Private Thomas Abrahams, 139th New York, who guarded Boyle at Williamsburg, let him escape and desert to the enemy.

It was through this wretch that the reb ls in Richmond were apprised of the movement of Gen. Butler to release our captives in the Libby and on B lle Isle, tw-lve hours before his troops reached B tom's bridge, which they found burned. For this crime General Butler had Abrahams tried. He has been convicted and sentenced to be shot, and the President has approved of this act of justice.

WASHINGTON CITY ITEMS. - Among the first fruits of Gen. Grant's appointment as Lieutenant General will be important changes in the army of the Potomac. A commission has been appointed by the

Secretary of War to visit the camps where all rebel prisoners are confined, and administer to them the oath of allegiance, under the President's recent amnesty proclamation.

YANKEE IMPROVEMENTS UPON "PROGRESS." Upon the bodies of sundry dead negroes, who came in for a share of the slaughter at Ocean Pond, Fla., were found leather thongs, commonly known as cat-o'-nine-tails, with wristgirdles complete. They were, it is reasonably supposed, designed for use upon the backs of their former masters, under the direction, and with the approval, if not by the order of the Yankee officers of the expedition. The idea s in keeping with Yankee humanity and civilizati n. It would not succeed, however Nature protested from the mouths of several thousand muskets, and some fifteen hundred devotees of the dogma that black is white, bit the dust in testimony of their folly.

A despatch from Louisville, dated March 4th, says "Parson Brownlow arrived here tovery sick but is convalescent." So the devil hasn't got his due yet.

JANUARY TAX -The amount of January tax collected here so far is \$1,697,000. - Wilmington Journal.

TELEGRAPHIC REPORTS OF THE PRESS ASSOCIATION.

Entered according to act of Congress in the year 1863, by J. S. Theasens, in the Clerk's office of the District Court of the Confederate States for the Northern District of Georgia.

Up to the tour of going to present on ine of telegraph has been received.

# Interesting News I ents.

LONGSTRIET'S COMM NO - The Richmond Examiner has some interesting intelligence from Gen. Longstreet's command. Indications were, a few days since, indicative o' an early engagement between the two armies of the East Tennessee department but they and all di-appeared. The enemy came as far up as Merristown, in considerable force-also on the Chucky river; but on the appearance of an advance of our troops they retreated hurrielly in the direction of Knoxville. The latest intelligence received from them reported their rear at Strawberry

There are no Federal forces on the Bean' station valley road pearer than Blain's cross

Everything is quiet in the direction of Cumberland Gap. The garrison at that point is quite small, and keep close in their fortifications, as the scouts of Jones hover close around

A rumour was in circulation that Grant had sent twenty-five thousand men into Kentucky, via Nashville, from Chattanooga, to meet the anticipated advance of Longstree's army. He is certainly dreaming,

Our troops are in admirable heath and fu'l of enthusiasm, and have plenty of suppli s. PERSONAL - A correspondent of the A lanta

Intelligencer " writes from Demopolis: I have just seen Capt. J. W. Kick of Gen Pagan's staff, just from the Trans-Mississip, i department, who gives some information in regard to military notables. Light Gen Kirby Smith has been promoted to General, and c mmands all of said department, recent-

ly extended somewhat. Lieut G n. Holmes and staff are soon to report to Richmond, and the 'Old Hero.' G .. Price, succeeds him in the command of all troops in the field, which change is very

ben-ficial among all. Brig. Gen. D. M. Frost, of Alabama, having resigned last summer is now enjoying the balmy clime of Italy. He sailed from Browns ville, Texas, only four days before the arrival of Gen. Banks' expedition.

Brig. Gen. Buford leaves in a day or two to command a brigade of cavalry under Gen.

Brig. Gen. Frank Armstrong has arrived and will e m mand a brigade of cavalry under Gen. S. D Lee. He will probably comm ad G.n. Crosby's old bri ade.

GEN. Polk.-The Mississippian, speaking of this General's army, says we believe the strategy of Gen. Polk was excellent, and if Sherman had not taken a sudden and unexected fright, Gen. P. would have, in or week more, utterly destroyed his army. His sudden retreat was undoubtedly precipitated by the brilliant victory of Gen. Forrest over Grierson and Smith. It is quite possible, indeed, it is altogether probable, that the vict ry of Forrest prevented the destruction of Sherman. In that case it was untimely, but the here deserves his laurels none the less, for he conducted his part of the work most gloriously and effectively.

MORE RETURNED PRISONERS .- Gen. W. H. F Lee and seven bundred other Confederate prisoners, have arrived at Richmond. It will be remembered, that after being wounded a the affair of Boardy Station, he was taken to the hospitable seat of Col. Williams Carter Wiekham, in the county of Hanover, where he was captured by Stoneman's raiders, and after being carried to a Yankee bastde, was held for sometime as a hostage for the safety of Captains Sawyer and Figure, set apart for execution in retaliation for the murder by Burnside of two of our officers taken , while recruiting in Kentucky.

Our flag of truce b at went down on Monday, with a like number of Yankee prisoners. The most notable passengers by this boat are Neal D w and Captains Flynn and Sawyer. The latter are remark the as the parties our government at one time decided to hang in retaliation for the two Confederate recruiting officers bung by Burnside in Kentucky.

Be open without levity; gen cross without waste; secret without craft; humble without meanness; bold without insolence; cautions without anxiety; regular, yet not formal; mild yet not timid; firm yet not tyrannical.

He that would please must rarely aim at such excellence as depresses his hearers in their own opinion or debars them from the hope of contributing reciprocally to the entertainment of the company.

Eighty thousan deserters from the Yankee army, are said to be rusticating in Canada, beyond the reach of old Abe's power to lorce them into the army against the South.

One of the first steps towards placing others at our implicit disposal, is to put them in love with themselves by exciting their vanity; and then take advantage of the delusion for your own benefit.

What greater instance can there be of a weak and pusillanimous temper, than for a man to pass his whole life in opposition to his own sentiments or not to dare to do what he thinks he ought to do?

That man is guilty of impertinence who considers not the circumstances of time or engrosses the conversation, or makes himself the subject of his discourse, or pays no regard to the company he is in.

Fear never was a friend to the love of God or man, to duly or conscience, to truth, propiety or bonor.

What is often termed shyness, is nothing more than a refined sense and an indifference to common observations.

Calumny is like the brands flying from a large fire, which quickly go out if you do not

To be despised or blamed by an incompetent or uncandid judge, may give a momentary pain, but ought to make us unhappy.

There is a wide difference between the confidence which becomes a man, and the simplicity which graces a fool.

The wife of Gen. Harrison (ex-President) died at North Bend, Ohio, on the 26th ult. Never give a promise which may in the event interfere with your duty.

Lieut. General Pemberton is on a visit to

Assume a cheerfulness in society, if you have

For The Confederate. LIST OF OFFICERS OF THE 6TH N C REG. CA. Robt. F. Webb. Co. A-Capt. J. C. Turner, Lieuts Thomas A Price and M. H. Cx. C. B—Capt. Wm. K. Parish, Lieuts. Thomas L Cooley and Speed. Co. C—Capt. W G. Guess, Lieut. W J. Christian. Co. D.-Lieut. Lewis Warlick Co E-Lieut. W. G. Torner. Co. F-Capt. B. F. Weste, Leut. Henry C. D. xon. Co. G-Capt. B. R. Smith Lieuts, L H. Raur ck and A. H. Miller Co. G-Capt. James A. Lea, Lieut. Sam'l P Hil. Co K-Lieuts. Sam'l Craw-ford and James T Burron.

Lieut. W. B. Allen, Co. I, and Lieut. G. N. Albright, Co. F. are at Point Lookout, Md G. N ALBRIGHT, Lt. Co. F. 6th N. C. Reg't. Point Lookout, Md., Feb. 3, 1864.

Hon, T. S. Ashe .- The Richmond Whig, ther noticing the death of Mr. S. H. Christian with regret, savs;

There being now a vancancy to be filled. we trust that we will not be accused of unwarr nable interference in the affairs of our sister State, when we express the hope that Mr Ashe may be returned. No member of he late Congress enjoyed a more enviable a acter, or was held in higher esteem than Ashe. His fine attainments prompted his politment on one of the most important munittees of the House, and diligent attention to the practical business of legislation gave him an influence which was highly honorable to the Ole North State.

President Davis has, in conformity with the recommendation of Congress, appointed Friday, the 8th day of April, as a day of Fa- ing, H miliation and Prayer. We will publish the Pr clamation to-morrow.

### New Advertisements.

### CANDIDATES FOR CONGRESS.

WE are authoriz d to announce A. G. FOS-W TER, of Randolph, a candidate to represent the 7th Congressional District of North Carolina in the Congress of the Confederate States, in the mh 16-43 tde

WE ARE AUTHORIZED AND REQUESTED to announce WILLIAM P. TAYLOR. Esq, of Chatham, as a Candidate or Congress in the 7th Congressional District, to supply the place of Hon. Samuel H. Christian, deceased. mh 16-431de

### Notice

OFFICE RALEIGH & GASTON R. R. CO., ) MARCH 15, 1864.

THI Company will not receive they more I private freight for Petersburg until after the P. A. DUNN, mu 16-43 d15t mn 16-43 d15t Progress will copy until 1st April and forward account to this other.

CONFEDERATE STATES' DEPOSITARY

OFFICE, OXPORD, N. C. THE subscriber has been appointed Depositary of the Treasury at this place, and is now receiving Confederate treasury notes for funding

under the recent act of Corgress.
R. H. KINGSBURY, mh 16-43 5t\* . Depositary .-

### Notice.

WE are now prepared to receive and pay all ballances. Our cu-tomers and check holders are respectfully requested to gove n them-selves accordingly. On the 1st of April there will be a change in things.

We continue to carry on the Exchange business, as heretotore, in all its various branches, at our old stand.

JOHN G. WILLIAMS & CO. mh 16 43 15t\*

# Guard Duty. .

THE undersigned is raising a Company to I Guard the Prisoners at Salisbury, and is authorized to receive into the Company persons under 18 and over 45. Those who desire to remain near home and do light service, have now a chance

to secure a favorable place in this Company.

WM. W. BEARD.

Salisbury, March 16, 1864-43 1w

# \$50 REWARD

FOR negro boy JOHN. Said boy is about 5 feet 10 inches high, dark brown color, intelligent face, and may be readily known by a hitch or stammer in his voice; speaks and moves quickly ; had on when he left a light-colored roundabout and a soldier's cap. I will give the above reward to any one who will arrest said boy and return him to me, or confine him in jail so that I can get GEO. BADGER HARRIS. Ad'mr A. H. ALLEY,

### mh 16-43 6t\* Henderson, N. C. Notice

OFFICE RALEIGH & GASTON R. R. CO., } RALEIGHT on all goods shipped from any point on our Road for the S. & R. R. must be prepaid, P. A. DUNN,

NICE ARTICLE OF BROWN SUGAR mh 16-43 2t\*

# Miscellaneous.

TNK! INK!! INK!!!-A few more gross of BLACK INK, now ready. Confederate bi'ls large or small taken. Price per gross, \$50. mh 15-42-d10t\* BEANSON & FARRAR.

EE HERE.—Bring in your accounts before the 26th of March, or you will be paid in 4 per c. nt. bonds, or the old issue at par. mb 15-42-10t\* BRANSON & FARRAR.

NE IROES FOR SALE.—On Saturday, the 26th inst., will be sold, at ROCKY MOUNT, Edgecombe C unty, TEN LIKELY NEGROES—Women, and Children and Boys, belonging to the estate of B. B. Arn st.ong, deceased. Terms made known on day of sale.

FARMERS AND OTHERS. - 2000 pounds Plantation Iron, 1000 pounds Hollow Ware, for sale by JORDAN WOMBLE.

Baleigh, Maroh 16, 1864 - 7-w3t\*

PROVOST MARSHAL'S OFFICE,

RALEIGH, March 14, 1864.

OLDIERS at home on furlough, residing in
Raleigh, who do not, immediately on arrival,
register a auplicate of said furlough at this office. (stating date of commencement, and end of same, and by whose order:) will be subject to arrest.

SAMUEL B. WATERS,

mh 15-42 d12t Capt. & Provost Marshal. ENBOLLING OFFICE, 1 RALEIGA, March 14th, 1864.

THE officers of town companies of 38th Regiment N. C. Militia will have complete Rolls

ment N. C. Militia will have complete Rolls of all persons between the ages of 18 and 45, (whether exempts, or having furnished substitutes, or detailed,) ready by the 1st day of April, 1864. Enrollment of 38th Regiment on 1st. 2nd, 3rd, and 5th of April, at Raleigh Court-House.

SAMUEL B. WATERS,

Capt. and Enrolling Officer.

mh 15-42-d12t Capt. and Enrolling Officer. FOR SALE

## BY E. CUTABERT. No. 57, STCAMORE STREET, PETERSBURG, VA.

500 Pairs Best English Cotton Cards.
300 Yds Dundee Cotton Bagging.
400 Yards Spring Challies, new styles.
1500 "Calicoes, "To Brown and Bleached Sheetings

Shoes, Hats, Hosiery, Trunks, &c., &c.

No. 57, Sycamore St., Petersburg, Va. The but was a work to the section of the best of